CLAIMS

1. A radar comprising:

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scanning means for transmitting and receiving a detection signal and for varying a beam azimuth of a detection radio wave over a predetermined scanning angular range;

means for determining a signal-strength profile from changes in strength in the azimuthal direction of a received signal from a target at a position remote from the scanning means by a predetermined distance as a function of the beam azimuth; and

estimating means for estimating the target azimuth causing the signal-strength profile from the signal-strength profile, which is part of a convex located adjacent to the outermost angle in the scanning angular range.

- The radar according to Claim 1, wherein
 the estimating means estimates the target azimuth from
 the ratio between the received signal strengths at at least
 two beam azimuths.
- The radar according to Claim 2, further comprising:
 means for determining a reflectivity of the target on
 the basis of the ratio between the received signal strengths

of the two beam azimuths and the directional characteristic of an antenna that forms the above-described beam.

4. The radar according to Claim 1, wherein

the estimating means estimates the target azimuth from
the number of beams having received signal strengths
exceeding a threshold level and from the received signal
strength of at least one of the beams in an azimuth range of
half of a beam width, from the outermost angle, having
antenna gains exceeding a predetermined threshold level.